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## Structure Reports

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## 2-lodo-3-nitropyridine

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Received 3 May 2009; accepted 16 May 2009
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=298 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.006 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.030 ; \omega R$ factor $=0.075$; data-to-parameter ratio $=14.8$.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{IN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$, intermolecular $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen-bonding interactions link the molecules into one-dimensional chains along the $b$ axis.

## Related literature

For the applications of 2-iodo-3-nitropyridine in organic synthesis, see: Baik et al. (2005); Choi-Sledeski et al. (2003). For the crystal structure of related compounds, see: Holmes et al. (2002); Saha et al. (2006).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{IN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
$M_{r}=249.99$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
$a=8.0169(15) \AA$
$b=12.313(2) \AA$
$c=8.0999(15) \AA$
$\beta=119.66(2)^{\circ}$

Data collection
Bruker SMART CCD area-detector 3615 measured reflections diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\text {min }}=0.147, T_{\text {max }}=0.385$

1345 independent reflections 1267 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.037$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.030 \quad 91$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.075 \quad$ H-atom parameters constrained
$S=1.12$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.50 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
1345 reflections
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-1.09 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.93 | 2.61 | $3.529(5)$ | 172 |
| Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, y+\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1999); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2322).

## References

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## supplementary materials

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## 2-Iodo-3-nitropyridine

## L.-H. Mao and Y. Chen

## Comment

In this paper, we report the crystal structure of the title compound, 2-iodo-3-nitropyridine, which is an important intermediate in organic synthesis (Baik et al., 2005; Choi-Sledeski et al., 2003).

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1), all bond lengths are normal and in a good agreement with those reported previously for 2,6-diiodopyridine (Holmes et al., 2002) and 2-iodo-3hydroxypyridine (Saha et al., 2006). Atoms I1 and N1 are slightly displaced on opposite sides of the pyridine ring by 0.0719 (3) and 0.015 (4) $\AA$, respectively. The nitro group is tilted by $34.6(3)^{\circ}$ with respect to the pyridine ring. The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1) linking the molecules into one dimension chains along the $b$ axis (Fig. 2).

## Experimental

The title compound was prepared by reaction of 2-amino-3-nitropyridine ( $1.1 \mathrm{~g}, 5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}(1.01 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol})$, HI $(6.6 \mathrm{~g}, 25 \mathrm{mmol}, 50 \%$ aqueous solution $), \mathrm{CuI}(0.48 \mathrm{~g}, 2.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ and DMSO $(60 \mathrm{ml})$ at 333 K . After neutralizing with an alkaline solution, the reaction mixture was extracted several times with diethyl ether. The combined ethereal extracts were washed with water, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated to afford the crude product. Purification by flash chromatography gave 2-iodo-3-nitropyridine as a yellow solid in $70 \%$ isolated yield ( 0.875 g ). Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of a methanol solution at room temperature over a period of one week.

## Refinement

All H atoms were found on difference maps, with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93 \AA$ and included in the final cycles of refinement using a riding model, with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$.

## Figures



Fig. 1. View of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the $40 \%$ probability level.

## supplementary materials



Fig. 2. A partial packing diagram of the title compound viewed along the $c$ axis. Intermolecular H bonds are shown as dashed lines.

## 2-Iodo-3-nitropyridine

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{IN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
$M_{r}=249.99$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=8.0169(15) \AA$
$b=12.313$ (2) $\AA$
$c=8.0999(15) \AA$
$\beta=119.66$ (2) ${ }^{\circ}$
$V=694.8(3) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& F_{000}=464 \\
& D_{\mathrm{x}}=2.390 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3} \\
& \mathrm{Mo} K \alpha \text { radiation } \\
& \lambda=0.71073 \AA \\
& \text { Cell parameters from } 1077 \text { reflections } \\
& \theta=2.5-25.9^{\circ} \\
& \mu=4.54 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
& T=298 \mathrm{~K} \\
& \text { Block, yellow } \\
& 0.60 \times 0.30 \times 0.21 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Monochromator: graphite
$T=298 \mathrm{~K}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.147, T_{\text {max }}=0.385$
3615 measured reflections
1345 independent reflections
1267 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.037$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=26.0^{\circ}$
$\theta_{\text {min }}=2.9^{\circ}$
$h=-9 \rightarrow 8$
$k=-15 \rightarrow 14$
$l=-9 \rightarrow 9$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.030$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.075$
$S=1.12$
1345 reflections
91 parameters

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained

$$
w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0401 P)^{2}+0.1824 P\right]
$$

where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.50$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min }=-1.09 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}{ }^{*} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I1 | $0.59372(3)$ | $0.162020(19)$ | $0.16542(4)$ | $0.03968(14)$ |
| O1 | $0.7237(5)$ | $0.5149(2)$ | $0.3364(5)$ | $0.0601(9)$ |
| O2 | $0.5036(5)$ | $0.4081(3)$ | $0.1331(6)$ | $0.0635(9)$ |
| N1 | $0.6704(5)$ | $0.4373(3)$ | $0.2292(5)$ | $0.0395(7)$ |
| C1 | $0.8177(5)$ | $0.3758(3)$ | $0.2090(5)$ | $0.0304(7)$ |
| C2 | $0.9711(5)$ | $0.4353(3)$ | $0.2237(6)$ | $0.0378(8)$ |
| H2A | 0.9807 | 0.5095 | 0.2477 | $0.045^{*}$ |
| C3 | $1.1084(6)$ | $0.3811(4)$ | $0.2019(6)$ | $0.0443(10)$ |
| H3A | 1.2127 | 0.4180 | 0.2084 | $0.053^{*}$ |
| C4 | $1.0884(5)$ | $0.2712(4)$ | $0.1703(6)$ | $0.0465(11)$ |
| H4A | 1.1812 | 0.2349 | 0.1544 | $0.056^{*}$ |
| N2 | $0.9430(5)$ | $0.2136(2)$ | $0.1610(5)$ | $0.0389(7)$ |
| C5 | $0.8074(5)$ | $0.2654(3)$ | $0.1774(5)$ | $0.0300(7)$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I1 | $0.0391(2)$ | $0.0313(2)$ | $0.0496(2)$ | $-0.00698(8)$ | $0.02262(15)$ | $-0.00258(9)$ |
| O1 | $0.073(2)$ | $0.0392(16)$ | $0.074(2)$ | $0.0116(15)$ | $0.0408(19)$ | $-0.0131(16)$ |
| O2 | $0.0423(18)$ | $0.0458(17)$ | $0.107(3)$ | $0.0055(15)$ | $0.0404(19)$ | $0.0006(19)$ |
| N1 | $0.043(2)$ | $0.0296(16)$ | $0.053(2)$ | $0.0098(14)$ | $0.0293(17)$ | $0.0093(16)$ |
| C1 | $0.0318(18)$ | $0.0274(17)$ | $0.0322(17)$ | $0.0040(14)$ | $0.0161(14)$ | $0.0012(15)$ |
| C2 | $0.040(2)$ | $0.0275(17)$ | $0.045(2)$ | $-0.0054(15)$ | $0.0204(18)$ | $-0.0024(17)$ |
| C3 | $0.038(2)$ | $0.040(2)$ | $0.057(2)$ | $-0.0087(17)$ | $0.0248(19)$ | $-0.003(2)$ |
| C4 | $0.038(2)$ | $0.043(2)$ | $0.067(3)$ | $0.0012(16)$ | $0.033(2)$ | $-0.0095(19)$ |
| N2 | $0.0402(17)$ | $0.0257(15)$ | $0.0535(19)$ | $0.0024(13)$ | $0.0253(15)$ | $-0.0042(15)$ |
| C5 | $0.0270(16)$ | $0.0306(18)$ | $0.0291(16)$ | $-0.0016(14)$ | $0.0114(14)$ | $0.0006(14)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )
I1—C5 2.097 (3)
C2-H2A
0.9300

## supplementary materials

| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $1.217(4)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $1.222(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $1.478(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.378(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.385(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.372(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | $124.9(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $117.6(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $117.5(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $120.5(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $123.2(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $116.3(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $117.8(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 121.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 121.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $118.5(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $146.8(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-35.1(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $-33.1(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $145.0(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.3(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $-178.7(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $-1.2(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $-0.6(7)$ |


| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.371(8)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $1.335(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.322(4)$ |
|  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 A$ | 120.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 120.8 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $123.6(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 118.2 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 118.2 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $118.5(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $121.2(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{I} 1$ | $113.3(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{I} 1$ | $125.4(2)$ |
|  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $2.2(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $-1.9(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{I} 1$ | $-178.8(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $0.2(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $-179.7(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{I} 1$ | $176.6(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{I} 1$ | $-3.3(5)$ |
| l |  |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A} \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.93 | 2.61 | $3.529(5)$ | 172 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, y+1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$.

Fig. 1


Fig. 2


